





Biotechnology Framework			
Course: Biotechnology	Total Framework Hours up to: 360		
CIP Code: 261202	Date Last Modified: 7/2015		
Career Cluster: Health Science	Cluster Pathway: Health Sciences / BioTechnology research and		
	development		

Career Cluster: Health S	cience	Cluster Pathway: development	Health Sciences / Bio I	Fechnology research and
		•		
	COMPONENTS AN		0 1 10	
	ts: Students will demonstrate safe lab operating procedu			and all the second and laborations
Leadership Alignment: St	udents will work <i>collaborate with others</i> using HOSA scer Standards and		ments and skills working	salely in a medical laboratory.
Standard/Unit: Laborato		Competencies		
Standard/Offit. Laborato	ry equipment & Salety			
Competencies C=Core	A=Advanced		Total L	_earning Hours for Unit: 30
	it a protocol demonstrating careful attention to detail, and	will recognize and a		
	time efficiently and productively by using down time in ex			
	procedures, or standard operating procedures.		,	
	ment and be able to determine if equipment is functioning			
	dgeable of chemical hazards in the lab and follow rules fo			
	ve equipment, can operate emergency equipment, and ca	an identify conditions	presenting a threat to he	ealth and safety.
C-1.7 Students use laborate				
	nically in all academic, lab, and career situations			
A-1.9 Students will design a	and implement protocols, test procedures, using standard			
Aligned Washington State Standards / Common Core State Standards EALR 3 — Visual Arts: The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts).				
Art			music, meatre and visual	arts).
Alt	Component 3.1: Uses visual arts to express and present ideas and feelings. Component 3.2: Uses visual arts to communicate for a specific purpose.			
	Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and			
	solve problems.			
	1.1 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.			
1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute				
	to the learning of others.			
Educational Technology	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage	and evaluate informa	tion and solve problems	using digital tools and resources.
	Digital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and			ons and practice safe, legal and
	ethical behavior.			-
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.			
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems	and use hardware ar	d networks to support lea	arning.

	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.
	2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.
	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.
Health and Fitness	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health.
	Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.
	Component 3.3: Evaluates the impact of social skills on health
	CC.9-12.F.BF.1c Compose functions.
	CC.9-12.F.BF.2 Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities. Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both
Math	recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the two forms.
Common Core	CC.9-12.S.ID.6a Fit a function to the data; use functions fitted to data to solve problems in the context of the data. Use given functions or
	choose a function suggested by the context. Emphasize linear, quadratic, and exponential models. CC.9-12.F.IF.8b Use the properties of exponents to interpret expressions for exponential functions.
	CC.9-12.F.iF.ob Ose the properties of exponents to interpret expressions for exponential functions.
ı	Key Ideas and Details
	1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.
	3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks,
	attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.
	ditionally to special cases of exceptions defined in the text.
Common Core Reading	Craft and Structure
Standards for Literacy	4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical
in History/Social	context relevant to <i>grades 9–10 texts and topics</i> .
Studies, Science, and	
Technical Subjects	5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., <i>force, friction, reaction force, energy</i>).
	energy).
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
	7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information
	expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.
	9-12 INQA Question
	Scientists generate and evaluate questions to investigate the natural world.
	9-12 INQB Investigate
	Scientific progress requires the use of various methods appropriate for answering different kinds of research questions, a thoughtful plan
	for gathering data needed to answer the question, and care in collecting, analyzing, and displaying the data.
	9-12 INQC Explain
	Conclusions must be logical, based on evidence, and consistent with prior established knowledge.
Science	9-12 INQD Communicate Clearly
	The methods and procedures that scientists use to obtain evidence must be clearly reported to enhance opportunities for further
	investigation.
	9-12 INQE Model
	The essence of scientific investigation involves the development of a theory or conceptual model that can generate testable predictions.
	9-12 INQF Communicate
	Science is a human endeavor that involves logical reasoning and creativity and entails the testing, revision, and occasional discarding of
	theories as new evidence comes to light. Text Types and Purposes
Common Core Writing	2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
Standards for Literacy	2. Write informative experiments, or technical processes.

in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
		21st Century Skills	
Check those that students v	vill demonstrate in this cou	urse:	
LEARNING & INNOVATIO	N	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS
requires them to identify unli Leadership Alignment: Stu	Decisions Seboration Ses: Students will demonstration will demonstration will be presented with the presented will be presented will be presented with the presented will be	Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy Analyze Media Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) x Apply Technology Effectively COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS rate knowledge of macromolecule structure and function through the Hosa Forensic Medicine scenario and be asked to analytical health or Hosa-related problem.	
		Standards and Competencies	
Standard/Unit:		Clarida do aria dompotorioro	
Macromolecules			
Competencies C=Core	A=Advanced		Total Learning Hours for Unit: 25
C-3.3 Recognize the four ty C-3.4 Describe enzymes an C-3.5 Students will understa	and and be able to describ pes of macromolecules in and their structural and func and and be able to use inc	e the different types of macromolecule bonding: ionic, covacells	lent, hydrogen.; etc
		Aligned Washington State Standards	
Art		The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, the sual arts to express and present ideas and feelings.	neatre and visual arts).

	Component 3.2: Uses visual arts to communicate for a specific purpose.
	Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and
	solve problems.
	1.2 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.
	1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute
	to the learning of others.
Educational Tachnalogy	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.
Educational Technology	Digital Citizenship : Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and
	ethical behavior.
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.
	2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.
	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.
Health and Fitness	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health. Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.
	Component 3.3: Evaluates the impact of social skills on health.
	CC.9-12.A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate
	axes with labels and scales.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.7 Analyze functions using different representations. Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the
	graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases.
Math	CC.9-12.F.IF.7a Graph linear and quadratic functions and show intercepts, maxima, and minima.
Common Core	CC.9-12.F.IF.9 Analyze functions using different representations. Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).
	CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports
	based on data.
	CC.9-12.S.ID.7 Interpret linear models. Interpret the slope (rate of change) and the intercept (constant term) of a linear model in the
	context of the data.
	Key Ideas and Details
	1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.
	2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide
	an accurate summary of the text.
	3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks,
Common Core Reading Standards for Literacy	attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.
in History/Social	
Studies, Science, and	Craft and Structure
Technical Subjects	4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to <i>grades 9–10 texts and topics</i> .
	Context folevant to grades 9-10 texts and topics.
	5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force,
	energy).
	6. Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the
	author seeks to address.

	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words. 8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.
	Text Complexity 10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
Science	9-11 PS2D lons are produced when atoms or molecules lose or gain electrons, thereby gaining a positive or negative electrical charge. lons of opposite charge are attracted to each other, forming ionic bonds. Chemical formulas for ionic compounds represent the proportion of ion of each element in the ionic array. 9-11 PS2E Molecular compounds are composed of two or more elements bonded together in a fixed proportion by sharing electrons between atoms, forming covalent bonds. Such compounds consist of well-defined molecules. Formulas of covalent compounds represent the types and number of atoms of each element in each molecule. 9-11 PS2F All forms of life are composed of large molecules that contain carbon. Carbon atoms bond to one another and other elements by sharing electrons, forming covalent bonds. Stable molecules of carbon have four covalent bonds per carbon atom. 9-11 LS1F All of the functions of the cell are based on chemical reactions. Food molecules are broken down to provide the energy and the chemical constituents needed to synthesize other molecules. Breakdown and synthesis are made possible by proteins called enzymes. Some of these enzymes enable the cell to store energy in special chemicals, such as ATP, that are needed to drive the many other chemical reactions in a cell.
Common Core Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns. c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented. 2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

- b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
- c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
- e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

Production and Distribution of Writing

- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- 9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

21st Century Skills

Check those that students will demonstrate in this course:

LEARNING & INNOVATION	N	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS
Creativity and Innovation		Information Literacy	Flexibility and Adaptability
x⊡Think Creatively		x ☐Access and /evaluate Information	☐Adapt to Change
x⊡Work Creatively with Oth	ners	x⊡Use and Manage Information	☐Be Flexible
x Implement Innovations		Media Literacy	Initiative and Self-Direction
Critical Thinking and Prob	lom Solving	x Analyze Media	x Manage Goals and Time
x Reason Effectively	iem solving	☐Create Media Products	x Work Independently
x Use Systems Thinking		Create Media Froducts	x Be Self-Directed Learners
x Make Judgments and □	Docisions	Information, Communications and Technology	x De Sell-Directed Learners
x Solve Problems	Decisions	(ICT Literacy)	Social and Cross-Cultural
X_30ive Flobleitis		x Apply Technology Effectively	x Interact Effectively with Others
Communication and Colla	boration		x⊡Work Effectively in Diverse Teams
x Communicate Clearly			Productivity and Accountability
x □Collaborate with Others			x Manage Projects
			x Produce Results
			Leadership and Responsibility
			Guide and Lead Others
			x Be Responsible to Others
		COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS	
		damental lab skills to perform DNA extraction, restriction, en	zyme digests and analysis, PCR, and gel
electrophoresis as demonstr			
	idents will <i>use critical thini</i>	king skills to demonstrate knowledge and skills in a medical	laboratory and biotechnology careers using HOSA
testing and scenarios.			
		Standards and Competencies	
Standard/Unit:			
DNA and DNA Analysis			
Competencies C=Core	A=Advanced		Total Learning Hours for Unit: 40
C-4.1 Students will review th	ne structure and function o	of DNA	
		olving DNA extraction from various organisms.	
C-4.3 Students will learn and utilize restriction digest enzymes.			
C-4.4 Students will amplify DNA using PCR			
C-4.5 Students will analyze			
		riately of all samples and reagents involved	
A-4.7 Students will review co			acta, and analysis utilizing alactrophagasis and DCD
		NA lab technique including extraction; restriction enzyme dig	
		lts of inquiry based lab involving DNA manipulationA-4.10 St	tudents will design and build 5-D DNA model
representing binding sites of DNA utilizing Rasmol and 3-D printer Aligned Washington State Standards			
	FALR 3 — Visual Arts: T	The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, the	peatre and visual arts)
		sual arts to express and present ideas and feelings.	odio dia viodai ditoj.
Art		sual arts to communicate for a specific purpose.	
	•	os personal aesthetic criteria to communicate artistic choices	in visual arts.

	EALR 4 — Visual Arts: The student makes connections within and across the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other			
	disciplines, life, cultures and work.			
	Component 4.1: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts disciplines.			
	Component 4.2: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts and other content areas.			
	Component: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices.			
	Component 4.4: Understands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, place and time.			
	Component 4.5: Understands how arts knowledge and skills are used in the world of work, including careers in the arts.			
	Integration : Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and solve problems.			
	 1.3 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology. 1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others. 			
Educational Technology	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.			
Educational recimology	Digital Citizenship : Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and ethical behavior.			
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.			
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.			
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.			
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	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.			
Health and Fitness	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health.			
Health and Fittless	Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.			
Moth				
Math Common Core	CC.9-12.N.Q.1 Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units			
Common Core	consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.			
	Key Ideas and Details 1. Cite appoints to the provise of evidence to support analysis of existing to the provise details of evidence to support analysis of existing to the provise details of evidence to support analysis of existing to the provise details of evidence to support analysis of existing to the provise details.			
	1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.			
	3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.			
Common Core Reading Standards for Literacy	Craft and Structure 4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.			
in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., <i>force, friction, reaction force, energy</i>).			
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.			
	8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.			
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas			

10.	. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
rele 9-1 sub 9-1 cor exp 9-1 pro 9-1 reg cell 9-1 chr info chr 9-1 ger 9-1 mo 9-1 me 9-1 me 9-1	LS1C Cells contain specialized parts for determining essential functions such as regulation of cellular activities, energy capture and ease, formation of proteins, waste disposal, the transfer of information, and movement. 11 LS1D The cell is surrounded by a membrane that separates the interior of the cell from the outside world and determines which bestances may enter and which may leave the cell. 11 LS1E The genetic information responsible for inherited characteristics is encoded in the DNA molecules in chromosomes. DNA is mposed of four subunits (A,T,C,G). The sequence of subunits in a gene specifies the amino acids needed to make a protein. Proteins press inherited traits (e.g., eye color, hair texture) and carry out most cell function 11 LS1G Cells use the DNA that forms their genes to encode enzymes and other proteins that allow a cell to grow and divide to oduce more cells, and to respond to the environment. 11 LS1H Genes are carried on chromosomes. Animal cells contain two copies of each chromosome with genetic information that gulate body structure and functions. Cells divide by a process called mitosis, in which the genetic information is copied so that each new ill contains exact copies of the original chromosomes. 11 LS1I Egg and sperm cells are formed by a process called meiosis in which each resulting cell contains only one representative romosome from each pair found in the original cell. Recombination of genetic information during meiosis scrambles the genetic ormation, allowing for new genetic combinations and characteristics in the offspring. Fertilization restores the original number of romosome pairs and reshuffles the genetic information, allowing for variation among offspring. 12 APPC Choosing the best solution involves comparing alternatives with respect to criteria and constraints, then building and testing a odel or other representation of the final design. 12 APPC The ability to solve problems is greatly enhanced by use of mathematics and information technologies. 12 APPC In th
Common Core Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social	Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects e. E	Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and ntext as well as to the expertise of likely readers. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
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	5. Develop and strengthen significant for a specific pur	writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or tryin pose and audience.	g a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most	
		21st Century Skills		
Check those that students w	vill demonstrate in this cou	•		
LEARNING & INNOVATION		INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS	
Creativity and Innovation x Think Creatively x Work Creatively with Oth x Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Prob x Reason Effectively x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and x Solve Problems Communication and Collai x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others	olem Solving Decisions boration	Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy Analyze Media Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) Apply Technology Effectively	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change x Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams Productivity and Accountability x Manage Projects x Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility Guide and Lead Others Be Responsible to Others	
		COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS		
Addiction. Leadership Alignment: Stu	udents will <i>analyze media</i>	and create media products to analyze the general public's that they will use to compete with at state HOSA. Standards and Competencies		
Standard/Unit:		Standards and Competencies		
Gene Expression and Gen	o regulation: DNA DNA	proteins and traits		
Competencies C=Core		, proteins, and traits.	Total Learning Hours for Unit: 45	
C-5.1 Describe the overall st		cule	Total Ecanning Hours for Offic. 40	
C-5.2 Summarize the relatio C-5.3 Summarize the events C-5.4 Relate the DNA molec C-5.5 Explain how RNA diffe	s of DNA replication cule to chromosome struc			
C-5.6 Identify the three main C-5.7 Describe transcription C-5.8 Identify the genetic co	n types of RNA n and the editing of RNA ode			
i U-D.9 Summarize translation	-5.9 Summarize translation			

•	ship between genes and proteins		
C-5.11 Contrast gene muta	tion and chromosomal mutation		
C-5.12 Describe a typical g	ene		
C-5.13 Describe how the la	c genes are turned off and on		
C-5.14 Explain how most e	ukaryotic genes are controlled		
C-5.15 Relate gene regulati			
	core concepts related to gene expression and regulation		
	st as a model organism to conduct inquiry based labs on gene manipulation and regulation		
	Aligned Washington State Standards		
	EALR 3 — Visual Arts: The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts).		
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	Component 3.2: Uses visual arts to communicate for a specific purpose.		
	Component 3.3: Develops personal aesthetic criteria to communicate artistic choices in visual arts.		
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Art	disciplines, life, cultures and work.		
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	Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and		
	solve problems.		
	1.4 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.		
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	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.		
Educational Technology			
	Digital Citizenship : Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and		
	ethical behavior.		
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.		
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.		
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Health and Fitness	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health.		
Health and Fitness	Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.		
	Component 3.3: Evaluates the impact of social skills on health.		
	CC.9-12.F.BF.1c Compose functions.		
	CC.9-12.F.BF.2 Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities. Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both		
	recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the two forms.		
	CC.9-12.S.ID.6a Fit a function to the data; use functions fitted to data to solve problems in the context of the data. Uses given functions or		
Math Choose a function suggested by the context. Emphasize linear, quadratic, and exponential models.			
Common Core	CC.9-12.F.I Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of		
	the domain exactly one element of the range.		
	CC.9-12.F.IF.3 Recognize that sequences are functions, sometimes defined recursively, whose domain is a subset of the integers.		
	CC.9-12.F.IF.6 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Calculate and interpret the average rate of change of a		

function (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified interval. Estimate the rate of change from a graph.
CC.9-12.F.IF.8b Use the properties of exponents to interpret expressions for exponential functions.
CC.9-12.F.LE.2 Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models and solve problems.
Key Ideas and Details
1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.
2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text.
3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.
Craft and Structure 4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.
5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force, energy).
6. Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the author seeks to address.
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.
8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.
Text Complexity 10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
9-11 LS1E The genetic information responsible for inherited characteristics is encoded in the DNA molecules in chromosomes. DNA is composed of four subunits (A,T,C,G). The sequence of subunits in a gene specifies the amino acids needed to make a protein. Proteins express inherited traits (e.g., eye color, hair texture) and carry out most cell function
9-11 LS1G Cells use the DNA that forms their genes to encode enzymes and other proteins that allow a cell to grow and divide to
produce more cells, and to respond to the environment.
9-11 LS1H Genes are carried on chromosomes. Animal cells contain two copies of each chromosome with genetic information that
regulate body structure and functions. Cells divide by a process called mitosis, in which the genetic information is copied so that each new
cell contains exact copies of the original chromosomes.
9-11 LS1I Egg and sperm cells are formed by a process called meiosis in which each resulting cell contains only one representative
chromosome from each pair found in the original cell. Recombination of genetic information during meiosis scrambles the genetic
information, allowing for new genetic combinations and characteristics in the offspring. Fertilization restores the original number of
(<u>) </u>

	chromosome pairs and reshuffles the genetic information, allowing for variation among offspring.
	Text Types and Purposes
	1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.
	a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.
	2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
	a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
Common Core Writing Standards for Literacy	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
n History/Social Studies, Science, and Fechnical Subjects	c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).
	Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

- 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

	8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources (primary and secondary), using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. 9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
		21st Century Skills		
Check those that students v	will demonstrate in this cou			
LEARNING & INNOVATIO		INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS	
Creativity and Innovation x Think Creatively x Work Creatively with Others x Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Problem Solving x Reason Effectively x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and Decisions x Solve Problems Communication and Collaboration x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others		Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy x Analyze Media x Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) x Apply Technology Effectively	Flexibility and Adaptability Adapt to Change Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams Productivity and Accountability Manage Projects x Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility Guide and Lead Others Be Responsible to Others	
COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS				
Performance Assessments: Students participate as active researcher in collaboration with a mentor scientist. Leadership Alignment: Students will use their communication skills to collaborate with others on a research project which will be presented at HOSA as a Health Education entry submission.				
Standards and Competencies				
Standard/Unit: Students participate as active researcher in collaboration with a mentor scientist.				
Competencies C=Core A=Advanced Total Learning Hours for Unit: 100				
C-6.1 Students will participate as active researchers in collaboration with the University of Washington Starnet program. C-6.2 Students will be conduct bioinformatics research using standard databases. C-6.3 Students will read and analyze primary literature as related to proteomics and model construction. A-6.4 Students will participate in and complete an authentic research project in conjunction with a mentor scientist.				

	Aligned Washington State Standards
	EALR 4 — Visual Arts: The student makes connections within and across the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other
	disciplines, life, cultures and work.
	Component 4.1: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts disciplines.
Art	Component 4.2: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts and other content areas.
	Component: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices.
	Component 4.4: Understands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, place and time.
	Component 4.5: Understands how arts knowledge and skills are used in the world of work, including careers in the arts.
	Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and
	solve problems.
	1.5 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.
	1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute
	to the learning of others.
	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.
Educational Technology	1.0 Investigate and Trink Ontodity. Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems doing digital tools and resources.
zaasational roomiology	Digital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and
	ethical behavior.
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.
	2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.
	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.
	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health.
Health and Fitness	Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.
	Component 3.3: Evaluates the impact of social skills on health.
	CC.9-12.A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate
	axes with labels and scales.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.1 Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of
	the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then f(x) denotes the output of f
	corresponding to the input x. The graph of f is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.5 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where
	applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.7 Analyze functions using different representations. Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the
Math	graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases.
Common Core	CC.9-12.F.IF.7a Graph linear and guadratic functions and show intercepts, maxima, and minima.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.9 Analyze functions using different representations. Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way
	(algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).
	CC.9-12.N.CN.9 Use complex numbers in polynomial identities and equations. Know the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra; show that it
	is true for quadratic polynomials.
	CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports
	based on data.
	CC.9-12.S.ID.7 Interpret linear models. Interpret the slope (rate of change) and the intercept (constant term) of a linear model in the
	context of the data.
Common Core Reading	Key Ideas and Details
Standards for Literacy	1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.
in History/Social	
	, L

Studies, Science, and an accurate summary of the text. **Technical Subjects Craft and Structure** energy). problem. 9-12 INQA Question

- 2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide
- 3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.
- 4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9-10 texts and topics.
- 5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force,

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.
- 8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.

Scientists generate and evaluate questions to investigate the natural world.

9-12 INQB Investigate

Scientific progress requires the use of various methods appropriate for answering different kinds of research questions, a thoughtful plan for gathering data needed to answer the question, and care in collecting, analyzing, and displaying the data.

9-12 INQC Explain

Conclusions must be logical, based on evidence, and consistent with prior established knowledge.

9-12 INQD Communicate Clearly

The methods and procedures that scientists use to obtain evidence must be clearly reported to enhance opportunities for further investigation.

9-12 INQE Model

The essence of scientific investigation involves the development of a theory or conceptual model that can generate testable predictions.

9-12 INQF Communicate

Science is a human endeavor that involves logical reasoning and creativity and entails the testing, revision, and occasional discarding of theories as new evidence comes to light.

- 9-12 APPA Science affects society and cultures by influencing the way many people think about themselves, others, and the environment. Society also affects science by its prevailing views about what is important to study and by deciding what research will be funded.
- 9-12 APPB The technological design process begins by defining a problem in terms of criteria and constraints, conducting research, and generating several different solutions.
- 9-12 APPC Choosing the best solution involves comparing alternatives with respect to criteria and constraints, then building and testing a model or other representation of the final design.
- 9-12 APPD The ability to solve problems is greatly enhanced by use of mathematics and information technologies.

Science

	9-12 APPE Perfect solutions do not exist. All technological solutions involve trade-offs in which decisions to include more of one quality means less of another. All solutions involve consequences, some intended, others not.
	9-12 APPF It is important for all citizens to apply science and technology to critical issues that influence society
	Text Types and Purposes
	1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.
	a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.
	2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
Common Core Writing	a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
Standards for Literacy in History/Social	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and

- concepts.
- d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
- e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

Production and Distribution of Writing

- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or

	broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.		
	8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources (primary and secondary), using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.		
	9. Draw evidence from info	ormational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	
	Range of Writing 10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.		
		21 st Century Skills	
Check those that students w	vill demonstrate in this cou	urse:	
LEARNING & INNOVATION	N	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS
Creativity and Innovation x Think Creatively x Work Creatively with Others x Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Problem Solving x Reason Effectively x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and Decisions x Solve Problems Communication and Collaboration x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others		Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy x Analyze Media x Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) x Apply Technology Effectively	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change x Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams Productivity and Accountability x Manage Projects x Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility Guide and Lead Others Be Responsible to Others
Porformance Assessment	e: Students will perform	COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS	ah natahaak
Performance Assessments: Students will perform and record results of bacterial transformations in scientific lab notebook. Leadership Alignment: Students will use and manage information to present a new analyze up-an-coming technologies in the health related field. Students will create a visual display that will be presented at state HOSA.			
Standards and Competencies			
Standard/Unit:			
Genetic Engineering	Λ = Λ dy (2 p 2 c d		Total Learning Haves for Huite 20
Competencies C=Core A=Advanced Total Learning Hours for Unit: 20			

- C-7.1 Students will demonstrate understanding of genetic manipulation through recombinant DNA technology.
- C-7.2 Students will apply sterile technique and proper handling of microbes through performance of a bacterial transformation.
- C-7.3 Students use proper precautions and disposal methods when working with microorganisms
- C-7.4 Students will perform and record results of bacterial transformation.
- C-7.5 Students will understand concepts related to recombinant and plasmid DNA technology
- A-7.6 Students will review core concept of the transformation process
- A-7.7 Students will purify and identify plasmid and recombinant DNA

A-7.8 Students will research, design, and perform a variety of different transformations.			
_	Aligned Washington State Standards		
	LR 4 — Visual Arts: The student makes connections within and across the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other		
	ciplines, life, cultures and work.		
	mponent 4.1: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts disciplines.		
	mponent 4.2: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts and other content areas.		
	mponent: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices.		
	mponent 4.4: Understands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, place and time.		
	mponent 4.5: Understands how arts knowledge and skills are used in the world of work, including careers in the arts.		
	egration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and		
	ve problems.		
	Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.		
	Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute		
	to the learning of others.		
	Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.		
Educational Technology			
	ital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and		
	ical behavior.		
	Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.		
	Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.		
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.		
	Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.		
	LR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.		
	mponent 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health. mponent 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.		
	mponent 3.3: Evaluates the impact of social skills on health9-12.A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate		
	.9-12.A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities, graph equations on coordinate es with labels and scales.		
	9-12.F.IF.1 Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of		
	domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then f(x) denotes the output of f		
	responding to the input x. The graph of f is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$.		
	.9-12.F.IF.5 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where		
Wath ann	olicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.		
	.9-12.F.IF.7 Analyze functions using different representations. Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the		
	ph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases.		
	9-12.F.IF.7a Graph linear and quadratic functions and show intercepts, maxima, and minima.		
	.9-12.F.IF.9 Analyze functions using different representations. Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way		
	pebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).		
	.9-12.N.CN.9 Use complex numbers in polynomial identities and equations. Know the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra; show that it		

	is true for quadratic polynomials. CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports based on data. CC.9-12.S.ID.7 Interpret linear models. Interpret the slope (rate of change) and the intercept (constant term) of a linear model in the
	context of the data.
	Key Ideas and Details
	3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.
Common Core Reading	Craft and Structure 4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.
Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.
	Text Complexity 10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
	9-11 LS1D The cell is surrounded by a membrane that separates the interior of the cell from the outside world and determines which
	substances may enter and which may leave the cell. 9-11 LS1E The genetic information responsible for inherited characteristics is encoded in the DNA molecules in chromosomes. DNA is composed of four subunits (A,T,C,G). The sequence of subunits in a gene specifies the amino acids needed to make a protein. Proteins express inherited traits (e.g., eye color, hair texture) and carry out most cell function
	9-11 LS1F All of the functions of the cell are based on chemical reactions. Food molecules are broken down to provide the energy and the chemical constituents needed to synthesize other molecules. Breakdown and synthesis are made possible by proteins called enzymes. Some of these enzymes enable the cell to store energy in special chemicals, such as ATP, that are needed to drive the many other chemical reactions in a cell.
Science	9-11 LS1G Cells use the DNA that forms their genes to encode enzymes and other proteins that allow a cell to grow and divide to produce more cells, and to respond to the environment.
	9-11 LS1H Genes are carried on chromosomes. Animal cells contain two copies of each chromosome with genetic information that regulate body structure and functions. Cells divide by a process called mitosis, in which the genetic information is copied so that each new cell contains exact copies of the original chromosomes.
	9-11 LS3A Biological evolution is due to: (1) genetic variability of offspring due to mutations and genetic recombination, (2) the potential for a species to increase its numbers, (3) a finite supply of resources, and (4) natural selection by the environment for those offspring
	better able to survive and produce offspring. 9-11 LS3B Random changes in the genetic makeup of cells and organisms (mutations) can cause changes in their physical characteristics or behaviors. If the genetic mutations occur in eggs or sperm cells, the changes will be inherited by offspring. While many of these changes will be harmful, a small minority may allow the offspring to better survive and reproduce.

Text	Types	and F	Purposes
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- 1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.
- d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

Common Core Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects

- d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
- e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
- f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

Production and Distribution of Writing

- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- Component 3.3: Knows and applies appropriate grade level writing conventions.
- Component 4.1: Analyzes and evaluates others' and own writing.
- Component 4.2: Sets goals for improvement.

21st Century Skills

Check those that students will demonstrate in this course:

LEARNING & INNOVATION	ON INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS LIFE & CAREER SKILLS				
Creativity and Innovation x☐ Think Creatively x☐ Work Creatively with Oth x☐ Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Broble		Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change x Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction		
x Reason Effectively x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and D x Solve Problems	-	☐ Analyze Media ☐ Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) x☐ Apply Technology Effectively	x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others		
Communication and Collab	ooration	X_Apply reciliology Ellectively	x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams		
x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others			Productivity and Accountability x ☐ Manage Projects x ☐ Produce Results		
			Leadership and Responsibility ☐Guide and Lead Others ☐Be Responsible to Others		
		COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS			
		te, purify, and analyze proteins using various techniques incl ge information and work independently to complete the Pharr			
		Standards and Competencies			
Standard/Unit: Protein Product Purification-Pharmaceuticals and Chromatography Methods					
	Competencies C=Core A=Advanced Total Learning Hours for Unit: 20				
C-8.1 Students will extend experiences from previous units and culture bacteria that has been transformed and then purify the proteins. C-8.2 Students will be trained in various forms of chromatography as it is used in the purification of proteins. C-8.3 Students will learn to run PAGE gels for protein analysis. A-8.4 Students will review lab protocol for protein purification utilizing PAGE gels A-8.5 Students will review lab protocol for chromatography					
A-8.6 Students will perform protein purification A-8.7 Students will perform various chromatography based upon either size or charge					
A-8.8 Students will develop an understanding of the application chromatography and protein purification to the pharmaceutical industry.					
Aligned Washington State Standards EALR 3 — Visual Arts: The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts).					
Art	Component 3.1: Uses visual arts to express and present ideas and feelings. Component 3.2: Uses visual arts to communicate for a specific purpose. Component 3.3: Develops personal aesthetic criteria to communicate artistic choices in visual arts. EALR 4 — Visual Arts: The student makes connections within and across the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other				
		and work. strates and analyzes the connections among the arts disciplir strates and analyzes the connections among the arts and oth			

	Companent: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifeleng shoices
	Component: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices.
	Component 4.4: Understands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, place and time.
	Component 4.5: Understands how arts knowledge and skills are used in the world of work, including careers in the arts.
Educational Technology	 Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and solve problems. 1.7 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology. 1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others. 1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources. Digital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and ethical behavior. 2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology. 2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.
	2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.
	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.
Health and Fitness	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health. Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.
Math Common Core	CC.9-12.A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales. CC.9-12.F.IF.1 Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then f(x) denotes the output of f corresponding to the input x. The graph of f is the graph of the equation y = f(x). CC.9-12.F.IF.5 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes. CC.9-12.F.IF.7 Analyze functions using different representations. Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases. CC.9-12.F.IF.7a Graph linear and quadratic functions and show intercepts, maxima, and minima. CC.9-12.F.IF.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions). CC.9-12.N.CN.9 Use complex numbers in polynomial identities and equations. Know the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra; show that it is true for quadratic polynomials. CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports based on data.
Common Core Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	 Key Ideas and Details 3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text. Craft and Structure 4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed
	Daga 22 of 27

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts. 10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/fechnical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. 9-12 APPB The technological design process begins by defining a problem in terms of criteria and constraints, conducting research, and generating several different solutions. 9-11 PS2A Atoms are composed of protons, neutrons, and electrons. The nucleus of an atom takes up very little of the atom's volume but makes up almost all of the mass. The nucleus contains protons and neutrons, which are much more massive than the electrons surrounding the nucleus. Protons have a positive charge, electrons are negative in charge, and neutrons have no net charge. 9-11 PS2F All forms of life are composed of large molecules that contain carbon. Carbon atoms bond to one another and other elements by sharing electrons, forming covalent bonds. Stable molecules of carbon have four covalent bonds per carbon atom. Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content. d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented. 2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, sclentific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. f. Producction and Distributi		visually as weath assatisally (a.g., in an assatisa) into yourde
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significant for a specific purpose and audience. 21st Century Skills		Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
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Check those that students will demonstrate in this course:		21 st Century Skills
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LEARNING & INNOVATION	N	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS	
Creativity and Innovation x Think Creatively		Information Literacy x □ Access and /evaluate Information	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change	
x⊡Work Creatively with Ot	hers	x Use and Manage Information	x Be Flexible	
x Implement Innovations	slam Calvina	Media Literacy	Initiative and Self-Direction	
Critical Thinking and Prob x□Reason Effectively	olem Solving	☐Analyze Media☐Create Media Products	x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently	
x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and □	Decisions	Information, Communications and Technology	x Be Self-Directed Learners	
x Solve Problems	Dediciono	(ICT Literacy) ☐Apply Technology Effectively	Social and Cross-Cultural x□Interact Effectively with Others	
Communication and Colla	boration	Li pp, comorgy Licensey	x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams	
x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others			Productivity and Accountability	
			x Manage Projects x Produce Results	
			Leadership and Responsibility	
			Guide and Lead Others	
			x Be Responsible to Others	
		COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS		
	s: Students will demonst	rate understanding of ethical principles through use of Socra	ic seminars; debates; and completion of an outside	
reading project.	udante will wark offactiv	rely in diverse teams and access and evaluate information	on to communicate clearly in a Riemodical Debate	
through HOSA.	udents will work enectiv	ery in diverse teams and access and evaluate information	on to communicate clearly in a biomedical behate	
		Standards and Competencies		
Standard/Unit:				
Biotechnology and Ethics				
Competencies C=Core			Total Learning Hours for Unit: 20	
		(autonomy; beneficence; nonmalfesience; justice)		
		hics of all concepts related to current scientific discoveries iking models and will apply these models to a variety of ethic	al dilammas	
		utonomy; beneficence; nonmalfesience; justice)	ai uliettiitias.	
		d debate ethics of all concepts related to current scientific dis	scoveries	
Aligned Washington State Standards				
		The student makes connections within and across the arts (da	ance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other	
	disciplines, life, cultures			
Art	Component 4.2: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts and other content areas.			
		tands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices.	Jaco and time	
		tands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, p		
	Integration : Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and solve problems.			
Educational Technology	1.8 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.			
	1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute			
	to the learning of others.			

	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.
	Digital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and
	ethical behavior.
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.
	2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.
Health and Fitness	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health. Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health.
	CC.9-12.A.CED.2 Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate
	axes with labels and scales.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.1 Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of
	the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then f(x) denotes the output of f
	corresponding to the input x. The graph of \mathbf{f} is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.5 Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context. Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where
	applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.
Math	CC.9-12.F.IF.7 Analyze functions using different representations. Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the
Common Core	graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.7a Graph linear and quadratic functions and show intercepts, maxima, and minima.
	CC.9-12.F.IF.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables,
	or by verbal descriptions).
	CC.9-12.N.CN.9 Use complex numbers in polynomial identities and equations. Know the Fundamental Theorem of Algebra; show that it
	is true for quadratic polynomials. CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports
	based on data.
	Key Ideas and Details
	1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.
	2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide
	an accurate summary of the text.
	Craft and Structure
	4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical
Common Core Reading	context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.
Standards for Literacy	5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force,
in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	energy).
	6. Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the
	author seeks to address.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas
	8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical
	problem.

	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.
	10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
Science	9-12 APPA Science affects society and cultures by influencing the way many people think about themselves, others, and the environment. Society also affects science by its prevailing views about what is important to study and by deciding what research will be funded. 9-12 APPB The technological design process begins by defining a problem in terms of criteria and constraints, conducting research, and generating several different solutions. 9-12 APPD The ability to solve problems is greatly enhanced by use of mathematics and information technologies. 9-12 APPE Perfect solutions do not exist. All technological solutions involve trade-offs in which decisions to include more of one quality means less of another. All solutions involve consequences, some intended, others not. 9-12 APPF It is important for all citizens to apply science and technology to critical issues that influence society.
	Text Types and Purposes 1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.
	a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.
Common Com Whiting	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
Common Core Writing Standards for Literacy	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.
in History/Social Studies, Science, and	2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.
Technical Subjects	a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.
	c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the

significance of the topic).

Production and Distribution of Writing

- 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- 5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.
- 6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- 7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- 8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources (**primary and secondary**), using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- 9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

21st Century Skills

Check those that students will demonstrate in this course:

LEARNING & INNOVATION	N	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS
Creativity and Innovation x Think Creatively x Work Creatively with Oth x Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Prob x Reason Effectively x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and Implements Communication and Colla x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others	lem Solving Decisions	Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy Analyze Media Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) Apply Technology Effectively	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change x Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams Productivity and Accountability x Manage Projects x Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility Guide and Lead Others Be Responsible to Others
		COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS	De responsible to outers
Performance Assessments: Students will successfully perform lab procedures related to identification of disease. Students will research, develop, and design molecular models & posters related to specific diseases. Leadership Alignment: Students will work independently to adapt to change and be flexible while participating in Job Seeking Skills competition at State HOSA. Students will prepare for this event by creating a cover letter and resume and will then participate in a mock job interview.			
	orom by orom ig a core	Standards and Competencies	
Standard/Unit: Microbiology, Infectious Disease and Immunology			
Competencies C=Core A=Advanced Total Learning Hours for Unit: 20			
C-10.1 Students will research and develop an understanding of disease at the molecular level C-10.2 Students will continue to research and explore disease at the molecular level			
C-10.3 Students will gain an understanding of the structure and function of the human immune system			
C-10.4 Students will develop an understanding of public health at the global level			
C-10.5 Students will research, develop, and design molecular models related to specific disease			
C-10.6 Students will perform lab procedures related to identification of disease			
A-10.7Students will continue to investigate and research disease at the molecular level.			
Aligned Washington State Standards			
Art	EALR 3 — Visual Arts: The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts). Component 3.1: Uses visual arts to express and present ideas and feelings. Component 3.2: Uses visual arts to communicate for a specific purpose. Component 3.3: Develops personal aesthetic criteria to communicate artistic choices in visual arts. EALR 4 — Visual Arts: The student makes connections within and across the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other communicates.		in visual arts.
	disciplines, life, cultures	· ·	ance, music, meane and visual alts) to other

	Component 4.1: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts disciplines.
	Component 4.2: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts and other content areas.
	Component: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices.
	Component 4.4: Understands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, place and time.
	Component 4.5: Understands how arts knowledge and skills are used in the world of work, including careers in the arts.
	Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and
	solve problems.
	1.9 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology.
	1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute
	to the learning of others.
	1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.
Educational Technology	1.5 investigate and Think Ontically. Nescarch, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources.
Ladeational recimology	Digital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and
	ethical behavior.
	2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology.
	2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning.
	2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively.
	2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies.
Haalth and Eitmaa	EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health.
Health and Fitness	Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health.
	Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information.
	CC.9-12.F.BF.1 Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities. Write a function that describes a relationship between
	two quantities.
	CC.9-12.F.BF.1a Determine an explicit expression, a recursive process, or steps for calculation from a context.
	CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports
	based on data.
	CC.9-12.S.ID.2 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. Use statistics appropriate to the
Math	shape of the data distribution to compare center (median, mean) and spread (interquartile range, standard deviation) of two or more
Common Core	different data sets.
	CC.9-12.S.ID.4 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. Use the mean and standard
	deviation of a data set to fit it to a normal distribution and to estimate population percentages. Recognize that there are data sets for which
	such a procedure is not appropriate. Use calculators, spreadsheets, and tables to estimate areas under the normal curve.
	CC.9-12.S.ID.6 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables. Represent data on two
	quantitative variables on a scatter plot, and describe how the variables are related.
	CC.9-12.S.ID.6c Fit a linear function for a scatter plot that suggests a linear association.
	Key Ideas and Details
	1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions.
Common Core Reading	2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide
Standards for Literacy	an accurate summary of the text.
in History/Social	
Studies, Science, and	3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks,
Technical Subjects	attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.
l ecinical Subjects	
	Craft and Structure
	4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical
	context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.

	5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force, energy).
	6. Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the author seeks to address.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.
	8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.
	Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 9. Compare and contrast findings presented in a text to those from other sources (including their own experiments), noting when the findings support or contradict previous explanations or accounts.
	10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend science/technical texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
Science	9-12 SYSA Feedback is a process in which the output of a system provides information used to regulate the operation of the system. Positive feedback increases the disturbance to a system. Negative feedback reduces the disturbance to a system. 9-12 SYSB Systems thinking can be especially useful in analyzing complex situations. To be useful, a system needs to be specified as clearly as possible. 9-12 SYSC In complex systems, entirely new and unpredictable properties may emerge. Consequently, modeling a complex system in sufficient detail to make reliable predictions may not be possible. 9-12 SYSD Systems can be changing or in equilibrium. 9-12 INQA Question Scientists generate and evaluate questions to investigate the natural world. 9-12 INQB Investigate Scientific progress requires the use of various methods appropriate for answering different kinds of research questions, a thoughtful plan for gathering data needed to answer the question, and care in collecting, analyzing, and displaying the data. 9-12 INQC Explain Conclusions must be logical, based on evidence, and consistent with prior established knowledge. 9-12 INQD Communicate Clearly The methods and procedures that scientists use to obtain evidence must be clearly reported to enhance opportunities for further investigation. 9-12 INQE Model The essence of scientific investigation involves the development of a theory or conceptual model that can generate testable predictions. 9-12 INQF Communicate Science is a human endeavor that involves logical reasoning and creativity and entails the testing, revision, and occasional discarding of theories as new evidence comes to light. 9-12 APPA Science affects society and cultures by influencing the way many people think about themselves, others, and the environment. Society also affects science by its prevailing views about what is important to study and by deciding what research will be funded.
Common Core Writing	Component 1.1: Pre-writes to generate ideas and plan writing.
Standards for Literacy	Component 1.2: Produces draft(s).

in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	Component 1.3: Revises to improve text. Component 1.4 Edits text. Component 1.5: Publishes text to share with audience. Component 1.6: Adjusts writing process as necessary. Component 2.1: Adapts writing for a variety of audiences. Component 2.2: Writes for different purposes. Component 2.3: Writes in a variety of forms/genres. Component 2.4: Writes for career applications. Component 3.1: Develops ideas and organizes writing. Component 3.2: Uses appropriate style. Component 3.3: Knows and applies appropriate grade level writing conventions. Component 4.1: Analyzes and evaluates others' and own writing. Component 4.2: Sets goals for improvement.			
		21 st Century Skills		
Check those that students w	/ill demonstrate in this coι	ırse:		
LEARNING & INNOVATION	N	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS	
Creativity and Innovation x Think Creatively x Work Creatively with Others x Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Problem Solving x Reason Effectively x Use Systems Thinking x Make Judgments and Decisions x Solve Problems Communication and Collaboration x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others		Information Literacy x Access and /evaluate Information x Use and Manage Information Media Literacy Analyze Media Create Media Products Information, Communications and Technology (ICT Literacy) Apply Technology Effectively	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change x Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction x Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others x Work Effectively in Diverse Teams Productivity and Accountability x Manage Projects x Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility Guide and Lead Others Be Responsible to Others	
COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS				
Performance Assessments: Students design and build molecular models and posters as related to disease and will participate in the NWABR Biotech Expo. Leadership Alignment: Students will access and/evaluate information and work effectively in diverse teams to participate in the Extemporaneous Heath Poster competition at State HOSA where they will communicate clearly their ideas around a current health issue. Standards and Competencies Standard/Unit: Advanced Technology and materials science as related to Biotechnology				
	Competencies C=Core A=Advanced Total Learning Hours for Unit: 20			

C-2.1 Students will learn to navigate the Protein Data Bank C-2.2 Students will learn to use Rasmol to design a molecular model C-2.3 Students will learn to use the 3D printer to construct and finish molecular models. A-2.4 Students will review techniques used in 3-D molecular model construction A-2.5 Students will design and build various molecular models of proteins related to disease A-2.6 Students will understand manufacturing process and cost associated with model construction A-2.7 Students will gain an understanding of materials science related to biotechnology A-2.8 Students will explore the application of CADD software to modeling technology A-2.9 Students will prepare and present posters/models to various groups Aligned Washington State Standards EALR 3 — Visual Arts: The student communicates through the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts). Component 3.1: Uses visual arts to express and present ideas and feelings. Component 3.2: Uses visual arts to communicate for a specific purpose. Component 3.3: Develops personal aesthetic criteria to communicate artistic choices in visual arts. EALR 4 — Visual Arts: The student makes connections within and across the arts (dance, music, theatre and visual arts) to other disciplines, life, Art cultures and work. Component 4.1: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts disciplines. Component 4.2: Demonstrates and analyzes the connections among the arts and other content areas. Component: 4.3 Understands how the arts impact and reflect lifelong choices. Component 4.4: Understands how the arts influence and reflect cultures/civilization, place and time. Component 4.5: Understands how arts knowledge and skills are used in the world of work, including careers in the arts. Integration: Students use technology within all content areas to collaborate, communicate, generate innovative ideas, investigate and solve problems. 1.10 Innovate: Demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and processes using technology. 1.2 Collaborate: Use digital media and environments to communicate and work collaboratively to support individual learning and contribute to the learning of others. 1.3 Investigate and Think Critically: Research, manage and evaluate information and solve problems using digital tools and resources. **Educational Technology** Digital Citizenship: Students demonstrate a clear understanding of technology systems and operations and practice safe, legal and ethical behavior. 2.1 Practice Safety: Demonstrate safe, legal and ethical behavior in the use of information and technology. 2.2 Operate Systems: Understand technology systems and use hardware and networks to support learning. 2.3 Select and Use Applications: Use productivity tools and common applications effectively and constructively. 2.4 Adapt to Change (Technology Fluency): Transfer current knowledge to new and emerging technologies. EALR 3: The student analyzes and evaluates the impact of real-life influences on health. **Health and Fitness** Component 3.1: Understands how family, culture, and environmental factors affect personal health. Component 3.2: Evaluates health and fitness information CC.9-12.F.BF.1 Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities. Write a function that describes a relationship between two quantities. CC.9-12.F.BF.1a Determine an explicit expression, a recursive process, or steps for calculation from a context. Math CC.9-12.S.IC.6 Make inferences and justify conclusions from sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies. Evaluate reports **Common Core** based on data. CC.9-12.S.ID.2 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. Use statistics appropriate to the shape of the data distribution to compare center (median, mean) and spread (interguartile range, standard deviation) of two or more different data sets.

Common Core Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	CC.9-12.S.ID.4 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable. Use the mean and standard deviation of a data set to fit it to a normal distribution and to estimate population percentages. Recognize that there are data sets for which such a procedure is not appropriate. Use calculators, spreadsheets, and tables to estimate areas under the normal curve. CC.9-12.S.ID.6 Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables. Represent data on two quantitative variables on a scatter plot, and describe how the variables are related. CC.9-12.S.ID.6c Fit a linear function for a scatter plot that suggests a linear association. Key Ideas and Details 1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to the precise details of explanations or descriptions. 2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complex process, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text. 3. Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text. Craft and Structure 4. Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics. 5. Analyze the structure of the relationships among concepts in a text, including relationships among key terms (e.g., force, friction, reaction force, energy). 6. Analyze the author's purpose in providing an explanation, describing a procedure, or discussing an experiment in a text, defining the question the author seeks to address. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas 7. Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text support the author's claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem. Integration of Knowledge
Science	9-12 APPA Science affects society and cultures by influencing the way many people think about themselves, others, and the environment. Society also affects science by its prevailing views about what is important to study and by deciding what research will be funded. 9-12 APPB The technological design process begins by defining a problem in terms of criteria and constraints, conducting research, and generating several different solutions. 9-12 APPC Choosing the best solution involves comparing alternatives with respect to criteria and constraints, then building and testing a model or other representation of the final design. 9-12 APPD The ability to solve problems is greatly enhanced by use of mathematics and information technologies. 9-12 APPE Perfect solutions do not exist. All technological solutions involve trade-offs in which decisions to include more of one quality means less of another. All solutions involve consequences, some intended, others not.

	9-12 APPF It is important for all citizens to apply science and technology to critical issues that influence society.		
	Text Types and Purposes		
	1. Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.		
	a. Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among the claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.		
	b. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying data and evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both claim(s) and counterclaims in a discipline appropriate form and in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.		
	c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.		
	d. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.		
	e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from or supports the argument presented.		
	2. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.		
	a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.		
Common Core Writing Standards for Literacy	b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.		
in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects	c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.		
	d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers.		
	e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.		
	f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).		
	Production and Distribution of Writing 4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.		
	5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.		
	6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically.		

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources (primary and secondary), using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering

the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Range of Writing

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

COMPONENTS AND ASSESSMENTS

Performance Assessments: Students explore and analyze personal interest and aptitudes as they relate to career planning **Leadership Alignment:** Students will *work in effective teams* to create a Health Career Display for State HOSA. They will *use and manage information* to *produce results* while *communicating clearly to judges* career information.

Standard/Unit: WR1 Career Planning: explores/analyze personal interests and aptitudes as they relate to education and career planning.

Competencies Total Learning Unit Hours: 20

- WR-1.1 Complete, discuss, and analyze the results of personality, career interest, and aptitude assessments;
- WR-1.2 Explore the career clusters as defined by the U.S. Department of Education and summarize the career opportunities in a cluster of personal interest:
- WR-1.3 Create a personal career portfolio including academic, certification and technical-skill requirement, career opportunities, expected wages, skills and aptitude necessary and the impact of technology on careers of personal interest.
- WR-1.4 Determine academic/training or certification requirements for transition from one learning level to the next and explore opportunities for earning credit/certifications in high school such as advanced placement, tech prep, International Baccalaureate, college in the high school, military and apprenticeship opportunities.
- WR-1.5 Develop and analyze tables, charts, and graphs related to career interests and make oral presentation regarding the career pathway of your choice.
- WR-1.6 Develop an awareness of financial aid, scholarships, and other sources of income to support postsecondary education/training and discuss the impact of effective college and career planning.
- WR-1.7 Identify how performance on assessments such as the SAT®, ACT®, ASVAB®, COMPASS® and ACCUPLACER® impact personal academic and career goals.
- WR-1.8 Prepare a personal budget reflecting desired lifestyle and compare and contrast at least three careers of interest in regards to salary expectations and education/training costs.
- WR-1.9 Prepare a program of study for at least one career of interest
- WR-1.10 Apply knowledge gained from individual assessment to a set of goals and a career plan
- WR-1.11 Develop strategies to make an effective transition from school to career
- WR-1.13 Identify industry certification opportunities

	21 st Century Skills	
Check those that students will demonstrate in this co	urse:	
LEARNING & INNOVATION	INFORMATION, MEDIA & TECHNOLOGY SKILLS	LIFE & CAREER SKILLS
Creativity and Innovation x☐Think Creatively ☐Work Creatively with Others x☐Implement Innovations Critical Thinking and Problem Solving x☐Reason Effectively x☐Use Systems Thinking x☐Make Judgments and Decisions x☐Solve Problems	Information Literacy x	Flexibility and Adaptability x Adapt to Change x Be Flexible Initiative and Self-Direction Manage Goals and Time x Work Independently x Be Self-Directed Learners Social and Cross-Cultural x Interact Effectively with Others
Communication and Collaboration x Communicate Clearly x Collaborate with Others		☐ Work Effectively in Diverse Teams Productivity and Accountability x☐ Manage Projects x☐ Produce Results Leadership and Responsibility ☐ Guide and Lead Others x☐ Be Responsible to Others